

<b>1 文と文型</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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**1** 次の英文を日本語に直し、その文型を答えよ。 (各10点×6)

- (1) My mother makes us breakfast every morning. 第( )文型  
\_\_\_\_\_
- (2) He went to his office by bus. 第( )文型  
\_\_\_\_\_
- (3) She looks very young. 第( )文型  
\_\_\_\_\_
- (4) He finished his work just now. 第( )文型  
\_\_\_\_\_
- (5) The letter made me happy. 第( )文型  
\_\_\_\_\_
- (6) There was a big party last night. 第( )文型  
\_\_\_\_\_

**2** ( )内の語(句)を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×4)

- (1) そのバスはこの村には止まらない。  
( the bus / at / stop / doesn't ) this village.  
\_\_\_\_\_ this village.
- (2) 冬は早く暗くなる。  
( dark / earlier / gets / it ) in winter.  
\_\_\_\_\_ in winter.
- (3) 私にお茶を入れていただけませんか。  
Will you ( for / some / make / me / tea )?  
Will you \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (4) あなたはいつも部屋を清潔にしておくべきです。  
You should always ( clean/ room/ keep/ your ).  
You should always \_\_\_\_\_ .

<b>2 基本時制 (現在・過去・未来)</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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**1** 次の英文の ( ) に適する語 (句) を a ~ d から選べ。 (各10点×6)

- (1) My mother usually ( ) up at seven and makes breakfast for us.  
a. get                      b. gets                      c. is getting                      d. getting
- (2) He ( ) a very big cat last year.  
a. has                      b. had                      c. is having                      d. was having
- (3) Do you know when she ( ) next time.  
a. come                      b. comes                      c. came                      d. will come
- (4) The moon ( ) round the earth.  
a. go                      b. goes                      c. went                      d. will go
- (5) It is ten months since the accident ( ).  
a. happen                      b. happens                      c. happened                      d. will happen
- (6) We ( ) the park if it is fine tomorrow.  
a. visit                      b. will visit                      c. are visiting                      d. visited

**2** ( ) 内の語 (句) を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×4)

- (1) 彼らは今、教室で何をしていますか。  
( they / doing / what / are ) in the classroom now?  
\_\_\_\_\_ in the classroom now?
- (2) あなたは来年テニス部に入るつもりですか。  
( are / join / you / to / going ) the tennis club next year?  
\_\_\_\_\_ the tennis club next year?
- (3) 私はだれがこの手紙を書いたのか知らない。  
( who / wrote / don't / I / know ) this letter.  
\_\_\_\_\_ this letter.
- (4) トムがあなたの家を出る前に、私に電話をしてください。  
Please call me ( Tom / your house / leaves / before ).  
Please call me \_\_\_\_\_.

<b>3 完了時制</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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**1** 次の英文の ( ) に適する語 (句) を a ~ d から選べ。 (各10点×6)

- (1) Tom can't come to school today. He ( ) his leg yesterday.  
a. breaks    b. broke    c. has broken    d. had broken
- (2) We have known each other ( ) 2000.  
a. in    b. for    c. from    d. since
- (3) I've never ( ) this flower before.  
a. see    b. saw    c. seen    d. seeing
- (4) Sayaka ( ) ill in bed for a week.  
a. is    b. be    c. been    d. has been
- (5) They ( ) in New York for ten years before they came to Japan.  
a. live    b. living    c. have lived    d. had lived
- (6) It ( ) hard since this morning.  
a. rained    b. is raining    c. has been raining    d. was raining

**2** 次の日本語に合う英文になるように, ( ) に適する語を入れよ。 (各10点×4)

- (1) 彼女は何回もオーストラリアに行ったことがある。  
She ( ) ( ) ( ) Australia many times.
- (2) あなたはどれくらいの間フランス語を勉強していますか。  
( ) ( ) ( ) you ( ) French?
- (3) 私はまだ宿題を終えていない。  
I ( ) ( ) ( ) my homework ( ) .
- (4) 彼が劇場に着いた時にはもうその劇は始まっていた。  
The play ( ) ( ) ( ) when he ( )  
at the theater.

<b>4 助動詞</b>	氏 名	得 点	/100
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**1** 次の日本語に合う英文になるように、( ) に適する語を下の [ ] 内から選んで書け。

- (1) 彼は英語とスペイン語の両方を話せる。 (各10点×6)

He ( ) speak both English and Spanish.

- (2) この箱を開けてはいけない。

You ( ) not open this box.

- (3) あなたの荷物を運んであげましょうか。

( ) I carry your baggage?

- (4) あなたはひとりでそれをする必要はありません。

You ( ) not do it by yourself.

- (5) 彼女は今、病気で入院しているはずがない。

She ( ) be sick in the hospital now.

- (6) 父は昼食後にはよく散歩に出かけたものだ。

My father ( ) often go for a walk after lunch.

[ can   can't   shall   need   must   would   will   won't ]

**2** ( ) 内の語(句)を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×4)

- (1) 私たちは両親にうそをつくべきではない。

We ( tell / ought / not / to ) a lie to our parents.

We \_\_\_\_\_ a lie to our parents.

- (2) 彼は電車の中にそのかばんを置き忘れてきたにちがいない。

He ( the bag / have / must / left ) in the train.

He \_\_\_\_\_ in the train.

- (3) あなたはそんなに高価な腕時計を買うべきではなかった。

You ( should / have / not / bought ) such an expensive watch.

You \_\_\_\_\_ such an expensive watch.

- (4) 昔このあたりに背の高い桜の木があった。

( be / used / to / there ) a tall cherry tree around here.

\_\_\_\_\_ a tall cherry tree around here.

<b>5 受動態</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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**1** 次の( )に適語を入れて、受動態の文を完成させよ。 (各10点×6)

- (1) The girl found the pen.  
→The pen ( ) ( ) by the girl.
- (2) My host mother showed me the room.  
→I ( ) ( ) the room by my host mother.  
→The room ( ) ( ) ( ) by my host mother.
- (3) He painted the house white.  
→The house ( ) ( ) ( ) by him.
- (4) They speak English in that country.  
→English ( ) ( ) ( ) that country.
- (5) Do many students respect the teacher ?  
→( ) the teacher ( ) by many students ?
- (6) Those men did not build the house.  
→The house ( ) ( ) ( ) by those men.

**2** 次の文を受動態に書きかえよ。 (各10点×4)

- (1) My father takes care of the horses.

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- (2) All the players look up to the coach.

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- (3) All the students in the class laughed at him.

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- (4) The children are listening to her wonderful song.

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<b>6 不定詞</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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**1** 次の日本語に合うように、( ) に適する語を入れよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) あなたはそんなに大きな家を買えるくらいお金持ちだ。  
You're ( ) ( ) ( ) buy such a big house.
- (2) 100歳を越えて生きる人はほとんどいない。  
Few people ( ) ( ) ( ) over one hundred.
- (3) どちらの道を行けばよいか私に教えてください。  
Please tell me ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ).
- (4) 私の仕事を手伝ってくれるなんて彼女は親切だ。  
It is kind ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) me with my work.
- (5) 彼は空腹すぎて動けなかった。  
He was ( ) hungry ( ) ( ).

**2** ( ) 内の語(句)を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) 彼は科学者になることを決心した。  
He ( a scientist / be / to / decided ).  
He \_\_\_\_\_.
- (2) 岡田先生は私に窓を開けるように言った。  
Mr. Okada ( to / open / told / me ) the window.  
Mr. Okada \_\_\_\_\_ the window.
- (3) 私たちにとっていくつかの趣味を持つことはよいことだ。  
( good / to / it's / us / for ) have some hobbies.  
\_\_\_\_\_ have some hobbies.
- (4) 彼女は彼に食べすぎないようにと忠告した。  
She ( not / eat / advised / him / to ) too much.  
She \_\_\_\_\_ too much.
- (5) 何か書くものを持っていますか。  
Do you ( to / something / with / have / write )?  
Do you \_\_\_\_\_ ?

<b>7 分詞</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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**1** 次の ( ) 内の語を適する形に直し、全文を書け。 (各10点×5)

- (1) Who is that ( smile ) girl?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- (2) What is the language ( speak ) in this country?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- (3) I saw her little sister ( call ) Mariko.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- (4) My brother is going to buy a ( use ) car.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- (5) Don't keep water ( run ) when you wash your face.  
\_\_\_\_\_

**2** ( ) 内の語 (句) を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) トムは音楽を聞きながら歩いた。  
Tom ( music / listening / walked / to ).  
Tom \_\_\_\_\_.
- (2) 空を飛んでいるあの鳥はワシだ。  
That ( in / bird / the sky / flying ) is an eagle.  
That \_\_\_\_\_ is an eagle.
- (3) 今朝、私は庭が雪で覆われているのを発見した。  
I ( the garden / with / covered / found ) snow this morning.  
I \_\_\_\_\_ snow this morning.
- (4) 私はいつも母に髪を切ってもらう。  
I always ( my / cut / have / hair ) by my mother.  
I always \_\_\_\_\_ by my mother.
- (5) あなたはこの歌が日本語で歌われているのを聞いたことがありますか。  
Have you ever ( song / this / heard / sung ) in Japanese?  
Have you ever \_\_\_\_\_ in Japanese?

<b>8 動名詞</b>	氏 名	得 点	/100
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**1** 次の ( ) 内から適する語 (句) を選び, 全文を日本語にせよ。 (各10点×5)

(1) ( Swim / Swimming ) in this river is dangerous.

\_\_\_\_\_

(2) We have decided ( buying / to buy ) a sweater for our mother.

\_\_\_\_\_

(3) My job was ( took / taking ) care of horses.

\_\_\_\_\_

(4) I'm interested in ( cooking / to cook ) Japanese food.

\_\_\_\_\_

(5) You can enjoy ( watching / to watch ) wonderful sunrise here.

\_\_\_\_\_

**2** ( ) 内の語 (句) を並べ変えて, 次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。ただし, 不要な語 (句) が1つある。 (各10点×5)

(1) またあなたにお会いするのを楽しみにしています。

I'm ( forward / see / looking / seeing / to ) you again.

I'm \_\_\_\_\_ you again.

(2) あなたは彼女に以前に会ったことを覚えていますか。

( her / you / do / to see / remember / seeing ) before?

\_\_\_\_\_ before?

(3) 彼女はお父さんが歌手であることを誇りにしている。

She's ( of / her father / to be / proud / being ) a singer.

She's \_\_\_\_\_ a singer.

(4) (私が) 窓を開けてもかまいませんか。

Do ( opening / my / you / I / mind ) the window?

Do \_\_\_\_\_ the window?

(5) その男は, その車を盗んだことを後悔している。

The man ( the car / having / regrets / to have / stolen ).

The man \_\_\_\_\_ .



<b>9 関係代名詞</b>	氏 名		得 点	/ 100
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**1** 次の ( ) 内に適する関係代名詞を入れよ。 (各8点×8)

- (1) I have a friend ( ) lives near your house.
- (2) The trees ( ) stand along the river are cherry trees.
- (3) There was a king ( ) name was Richard.
- (4) The computer ( ) you're using now is very old.
- (5) Will you show me the book ( ) cover is green?
- (6) ( ) you need is a good dictionary.
- (7) The lady ( ) I met there looked sad.
- (8) They are the cats ( ) Ann takes care of.

**2** ( ) 内の語(句)を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各9点×4)

- (1) これは私が持っているただ1つのコートだ。 This is the ( coat / that / have / I / only ).  
This is the \_\_\_\_\_.
- (2) 私が生まれた家は丘の上に立っていた。  
( which / the house / was / in / I ) born stood on the hill.  
\_\_\_\_\_ born stood on the hill.
- (3) これは私が長い間欲しがっていた物だ。  
This is ( I've / a / what / for / wanted ) long time.  
This is \_\_\_\_\_ long time.
- (4) 正夫が話しかけている少年たちは誰ですか。  
( are / Masao / who / the boys / speaking / is ) to?  
\_\_\_\_\_ to?

<b>10 関係副詞</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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**1** 次の ( ) 内に適する関係副詞を入れよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) I want to know the time ( ) you'll arrive here.
- (2) This is the park ( ) we first met.
- (3) Is that the reason ( ) you look so happy?
- (4) Saturday is the day ( ) he is free.
- (5) Hokkaido is the place ( ) I spent my childhood.

**2** ( ) 内の語(句)を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) 私たちがコンピュータを持っていない時代がありました。  
There was ( we / had / a time / when ) no computers.  
There was \_\_\_\_\_ no computers.
- (2) あれが去年母が泊まったホテルです。  
That ( the hotel / stayed / is / my mother ) last year.  
That \_\_\_\_\_ last year.
- (3) 彼が今日欠席している理由を知っていますか。  
Do you know ( absent / he / the reason / is ) today?  
Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ today?
- (4) このようにして、私はいつもこのドアを開けます。  
This is ( the way / always / open / I ) this door.  
This is \_\_\_\_\_ this door.
- (5) そういうわけで彼女は決してうそをつきません。  
That is ( she / tells / never / why ) a lie.  
That is \_\_\_\_\_ a lie.

<b>1 文と文型</b>	氏名		得点	/100
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1 次の英文を日本語に直し、その文型を答えよ。 (各10点×6)

- (1) My mother makes us breakfast every morning. 第( 4 )文型  
母は毎朝私たちに朝食を作る。
- 
- (2) He went to his office by bus. 第( 1 )文型  
彼はバスで会社に行った。
- 
- (3) She looks very young. 第( 2 )文型  
彼女はとても若く見える。
- 
- (4) He finished his work just now. 第( 3 )文型  
彼はちょうど今仕事を終えた。
- 
- (5) The letter made me happy. 第( 5 )文型  
その手紙は私を幸せにした。
- 
- (6) There was a big party last night. 第( 1 )文型  
昨夜大きなパーティーがあった。
- 

2 ( )内の語(句)を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×4)

- (1) そのバスはこの村には止まらない。  
( the bus / at / stop / doesn't ) this village.  
The bus doesn't stop at \_\_\_\_\_ this village.
- (2) 冬は早く暗くなる。  
( dark / earlier / gets / it ) in winter.  
It gets dark earlier \_\_\_\_\_ in winter.
- (3) 私にお茶を入れていただけませんか。  
Will you ( for / some / make / me / tea )?  
Will you \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- (4) あなたはいつも部屋を清潔にしておくべきです。  
You should always ( clean/ room/ keep/ your ).  
You should always \_\_\_\_\_ .

<b>2 基本時制 (現在・過去・未来)</b>	氏名		得点	/100
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1 次の英文の ( ) に適する語 (句) を a ~ d から選べ。 (各10点×6)

- (1) My mother usually ( ) up at seven and makes breakfast for us.  
 a. get      **b. gets**      c. is getting      d. getting
- (2) He ( ) a very big cat last year.  
 a. has      **b. had**      c. is having      d. was having
- (3) Do you know when she ( ) next time.  
 a. come      b. comes      c. came      **d. will come**
- (4) The moon ( ) round the earth.  
 a. go      **b. goes**      c. went      d. will go
- (5) It is ten months since the accident ( ).  
 a. happen      b. happens      **c. happened**      d. will happen
- (6) We ( ) the park if it is fine tomorrow.  
 a. visit      **b. will visit**      c. are visiting      d. visited

2 ( ) 内の語 (句) を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×4)

- (1) 彼らは今、教室で何をしていますか。  
 ( they / doing / what / are ) in the classroom now?  
What are they doing in the classroom now?
- (2) あなたは来年テニス部に入るつもりですか。  
 ( are / join / you / to / going ) the tennis club next year?  
Are you going to join the tennis club next year?
- (3) 私はだれがこの手紙を書いたのか知らない。  
 ( who / wrote / don't / I / know ) this letter.  
I don't know who wrote this letter.
- (4) トムがあなたの家を出る前に、私に電話をしてください。  
 Please call me ( Tom / your house / leaves / before ).  
 Please call me before Tom leaves your house.

<b>3 完了時制</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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1 次の英文の ( ) に適する語 (句) を a ~ d から選べ。 (各10点×6)

- (1) Tom can't come to school today. He ( ) his leg yesterday.  
 a. breaks    **b. broke**    c. has broken    d. had broken
- (2) We have known each other ( ) 2000.  
 a. in    b. for    c. from    **d. since**
- (3) I've never ( ) this flower before.  
 a. see    b. saw    **c. seen**    d. seeing
- (4) Sayaka ( ) ill in bed for a week.  
 a. is    b. be    c. been    **d. has been**
- (5) They ( ) in New York for ten years before they came to Japan.  
 a. live    b. living    c. have lived    **d. had lived**
- (6) It ( ) hard since this morning.  
 a. rained    b. is raining    **c. has been raining**    d. was raining

2 次の日本文に合う英文になるように, ( ) に適する語を入れよ。 (各10点×4)

- (1) 彼女は何回もオーストラリアに行ったことがある。  
 She ( **has** ) ( **been** ) ( **to** ) Australia many times.
- (2) あなたはどれくらいの間フランス語を勉強していますか。  
 ( **How** ) ( **long** ) ( **have** ) you ( **studied** ) French?
- (3) 私はまだ宿題を終えていない。  
 I ( **have** ) ( **not** ) ( **finished** ) my homework ( **yet** ).
- (4) 彼が劇場に着いた時にはもうその劇は始まっていた。  
 The play ( **had** ) ( **already** ) ( **started** **[begun]** ) when he ( **arrived** )  
 at the theater.

<b>4 助動詞</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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1 次の日本語に合う英文になるように、( ) に適する語を下の [ ] 内から選んで書け。

- (1) 彼は英語とスペイン語の両方を話せる。 (各10点×6)

He ( **can** ) speak both English and Spanish.

- (2) この箱を開けてはいけない。

You ( **must[can]** ) not open this box.

- (3) あなたの荷物を運んであげましょうか。

( **Shall[Can]** ) I carry your baggage?

- (4) あなたはひとりでそれをする必要はありません。

You ( **need** ) not do it by yourself.

- (5) 彼女は今、病気で入院しているはずがない。

She ( **can't** ) be sick in the hospital now.

- (6) 父は昼食後にはよく散歩に出かけたものだ。

My father ( **would** ) often go for a walk after lunch.

[ can can't shall need must would will won't ]

2 ( ) 内の語(句)を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×4)

- (1) 私たちは両親にうそをつくべきではない。

We ( tell / ought / not / to ) a lie to our parents.

We ought not to tell a lie to our parents.

- (2) 彼は電車の中にそのかばんを置き忘れてきたにちがいない。

He ( the bag / have / must / left ) in the train.

He must have left the bag in the train.

- (3) あなたはそんなに高価な腕時計を買うべきではなかった。

You ( should / have / not / bought ) such an expensive watch.

You should not have bought such an expensive watch.

- (4) 昔このあたりに背の高い桜の木があった。

( be / used / to / there ) a tall cherry tree around here.

There used to be a tall cherry tree around here.

<b>5 受動態</b>	氏 名	得 点	/100
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1 次の( )に適語を入れて、受動態の文を完成させよ。 (各10点×6)

- (1) The girl found the pen.  
→The pen ( was ) ( found ) by the girl.
- (2) My host mother showed me the room.  
→I ( was ) ( shown ) the room by my host mother.  
→The room ( was ) ( shown ) ( me ) by my host mother.
- (3) He painted the house white.  
→The house ( was ) ( painted ) ( while ) by him.
- (4) They speak English in that country.  
→English ( is ) ( spoken ) ( in ) that country.
- (5) Do many students respect the teacher ?  
→( is ) the teacher ( respected ) by many students ?
- (6) Those men did not build the house.  
→The house ( was ) ( not ) ( built ) by those men.

2 次の文を受動態に書きかえよ。 (各10点×4)

- (1) My father takes care of the horses.  
The horses are taken care of by my father.
- (2) All the players look up to the coach.  
The coach is looked up to by all the players.
- (3) All the students in the class laughed at him.  
He was laughed at by all the students in the class.
- (4) The children are listening to her wonderful song.  
Her wonderful song is being listened to by the children.

<b>6 不定詞</b>	氏 名	得 点	/100
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1 次の日本語に合うように, ( ) に適する語を入れよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) あなたはそんなに大きな家を買えるくらいお金持ちだ。  
You're ( rich ) ( enough ) ( to ) buy such a big house.
- (2) 100歳を越えて生きる人はほとんどいない。  
Few people ( live ) ( to ) ( be ) over one hundred.
- (3) どちらの道を行けばよいか私に教えてください。  
Please tell me ( which ) ( way ) ( to ) ( go ).
- (4) 私の仕事を手伝ってくれるなんて彼女は親切だ。  
It is kind ( of ) ( her ) ( to ) ( help ) me with my work.
- (5) 彼は空腹すぎて動けなかった。  
He was ( too ) hungry ( to ) ( move ).

2 ( ) 内の語(句)を並べかえて, 次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) 彼は科学者になることを決心した。  
He ( a scientist / be / to / decided ).  
He decided to be a scientist.
- (2) 岡田先生は私に窓を開けるように言った。  
Mr. Okada ( to / open / told / me ) the window.  
Mr. Okada told me to open the window.
- (3) 私たちにとっていくつかの趣味を持つことはよいことだ。  
( good / to / it's / us / for ) have some hobbies.  
It's good for us to have some hobbies.
- (4) 彼女は彼に食べすぎないようにと忠告した。  
She ( not / eat / advised / him / to ) too much.  
She advised him not to eat too much.
- (5) 何か書くものを持っていますか。  
Do you ( to / something / with / have / write )?  
Do you have something to write with ?



<b>7 分詞</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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1 次の ( ) 内の語を適する形に直し、全文を書け。 (各10点×5)

- (1) Who is that ( smile ) girl?  
Who is that smiling girl?
- (2) What is the language ( speak ) in this country?  
What is the language spoken in this country?
- (3) I saw her little sister ( call ) Mariko.  
I saw her little sister called Mariko.
- (4) My brother is going to buy a ( use ) car.  
My brother is going to buy a used car.
- (5) Don't keep water ( run ) when you wash your face.  
Don't keep water running when you wash your face.

2 ( ) 内の語 (句) を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) トムは音楽を聞きながら歩いた。  
 Tom ( music / listening / walked / to ).  
 Tom walked listening to music.
- (2) 空を飛んでいるあの鳥はワシだ。  
 That ( in / bird / the sky / flying ) is an eagle.  
 That bird flying in the sky is an eagle.
- (3) 今朝、私は庭が雪で覆われているのを発見した。  
 I ( the garden / with / covered / found ) snow this morning.  
 I found the garden covered with snow this morning.
- (4) 私はいつも母に髪を切ってもらう。  
 I always ( my / cut / have / hair ) by my mother.  
 I always have my hair cut by my mother.
- (5) あなたはこの歌が日本語で歌われているのを聞いたことがありますか。  
 Have you ever ( song / this / heard / sung ) in Japanese?  
 Have you ever heard this song sung in Japanese?

<b>8 動名詞</b>	氏 名	得 点	/100
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1 次の ( ) 内から適する語 (句) を選び, 全文を日本語にせよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) ( Swim / Swimming ) in this river is dangerous.  
Swimming この川で泳ぐのは危険だ。
- (2) We have decided ( buying / to buy ) a sweater for our mother.  
to buy 私たちは母親にセーターを買うことに決めた。
- (3) My job was ( took / taking ) care of horses.  
taking 私の仕事は馬の世話をすることだった。
- (4) I'm interested in ( cooking / to cook ) Japanese food.  
cooking 私は日本食を料理することに興味がある。
- (5) You can enjoy ( watching / to watch ) wonderful sunrise here.  
watching あなた (たち) はここですばらしい日の出を見て楽しむことができます。

2 ( ) 内の語 (句) を並べ変えて, 次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。ただし, 不要な語 (句) が1つある。 (各10点×5)

- (1) またあなたにお会いするのを楽しみにしています。  
 I'm ( forward / see / looking / seeing / to ) you again.  
 I'm looking forward to seeing you again.
- (2) あなたは彼女に以前に会ったことを覚えていますか。  
 ( her / you / do / to see / remember / seeing ) before?  
Do you remember seeing her before?
- (3) 彼女はお父さんが歌手であることを誇りにしている。  
 She's ( of / her father / to be / proud / being ) a singer.  
 She's proud of her father being a singer.
- (4) (私が) 窓を開けてもかまいませんか。  
 Do ( opening / my / you / I / mind ) the window?  
 Do you mind my opening the window?
- (5) その男は, その車を盗んだことを後悔している。  
 The man ( the car / having / regrets / to have / stolen ).  
 The man regrets having stolen the car.

<b>9 関係代名詞</b>	氏 名		得 点	/ 100
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**1** 次の ( ) 内に適する関係代名詞を入れよ。 (各8点×8)

- (1) I have a friend ( **who**{that} ) lives near your house.
- (2) The trees ( **which**{that} ) stand along the river are cherry trees.
- (3) There was a king ( **whose** ) name was Richard.
- (4) The computer ( **which**{that} ) you're using now is very old.
- (5) Will you show me the book ( **whose** ) cover is green?
- (6) ( **What** ) you need is a good dictionary.
- (7) The lady ( **whom**  
{who / that} ) I met there looked sad.
- (8) They are the cats ( **which**{that} ) Ann takes care of.

**2** ( ) 内の語(句)を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各9点×4)

- (1) これは私が持っているただ1つのコートだ。 This is the ( coat / that / have / I / only ).  
This is the only coat that I have.
- (2) 私が生まれた家は丘の上に立っていた。  
( which / the house / was / in / I ) born stood on the hill.  
The house in which I was born stood on the hill.
- (3) これは私が長い間欲しがっていた物だ。  
This is ( I've / a / what / for / wanted ) long time.  
This is what I've wanted for a long time.
- (4) 正夫が話しかけている少年たちは誰ですか。  
( are / Masao / who / the boys / speaking / is ) to?  
Who are the boys Masao is speaking to?

<b>10 関係副詞</b>	氏 名		得 点	/100
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**1** 次の ( ) 内に適する関係副詞を入れよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) I want to know the time ( **when** ) you'll arrive here.
- (2) This is the park ( **where** ) we first met.
- (3) Is that the reason ( **why** ) you look so happy?
- (4) Saturday is the day ( **when** ) he is free.
- (5) Hokkaido is the place ( **where** ) I spent my childhood.

**2** ( ) 内の語(句)を並べかえて、次の日本語に合う英文を完成させよ。 (各10点×5)

- (1) 私たちがコンピュータを持っていない時代がありました。  
There was ( we / had / a time / when ) no computers.  
There was  a time when we had  no computers.
- (2) あれが去年母が泊まったホテルです。  
That ( the hotel / stayed / is / my mother ) last year.  
That  is the hotel my mother stayed  last year.
- (3) 彼が今日欠席している理由を知っていますか。  
Do you know ( absent / he / the reason / is ) today?  
Do you know  the reason he is absent  today?
- (4) このようにして、私はいつもこのドアを開けます。  
This is ( the way / always / open / I ) this door.  
This is  the way I always open  this door.
- (5) そういうわけで彼女は決してうそをつきません。  
That is ( she / tells / never / why ) a lie.  
That is  why she never tells  a lie.